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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNII	NG 01/01/2007 MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING1;	2/31/2007 MM/DD/YY
A. 1	REGISTRANT IDENTIF	ICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Haberman Brothers ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF	BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O.	Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
900 Third Avenue - 2nd			
Ware Wards	New York	100	22
New York (City)	(State)	(7	Zip Code)
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTA		ICATION	(Area Code – Telephone Number
Marvin Koenigsberg CP	(Name – if individual, state lasi	, first, middle name)	
2102 Quentin Road	Brooklyn	New York	11229
(Address)	(City)	(SPRC	CESSED (Zip Code)
CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant not resident in	nt United States or any of its pos	(SPROCESSED) MAR 1 9 2008 THOMSON FINANCIAL	
7100031101110110010011	FOR OFFICIAL USE	-	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE	VILI	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

7/18/08

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Paul Haberman	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement	and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
Haberman Brothers	, as
of December 31	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal office	cer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	
Classified solety as that of a vastomer, every	
TAMMY L. LATSHAW	
Notary Public, State of New York	House Andrew
No. 01LA6157316	Signature
Qualified in New York County	Signatu.
Commission Expires December 4, 2010.	General Partner
11.	Title
100 min 2 2 Atchair	
Morary Bublic	
Motal of ablic	
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	
(a) Facing Page.(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partr	ners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to C	laims of Creditors.
 ☑ (g) Computation of Net Capital.☐ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirement	ents Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Reg	uirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(i) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of	the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requir	ements Under Exhibit A of Rule 1503-3.
L) (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited S consolidation.	tatements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
(i) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to e	exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

HABERMAN BROTHERS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007

HABERMAN BROTHERS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007

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Marvin Koenigsberg Certified Public Accountant

Marvin Koenigsberg CPA

2102 Quentin Road Brooklyn, NY 11229 Tel (718) 645-3300 • Fax (718)645-6936 Cell (917) 282-3142

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

January 31, 2008

To the Partners of Haberman Brothers

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Haberman Brothers as of December 31, 2007 and the related statements of revenues and expenses, changes in partners' capital and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Haberman Brothers at December 31, 2007 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1, the Company has recurring losses and limited operating revenues, which raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 1. These financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Security Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

M Hoenzelez

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2007

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) Due from clearing broker (Note 5) Securities owned, at market (Note 7) Securities owned, not readily marketable, at cost Other assets	\$	55,972 83,410 68,437 4,500 900
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	213,219
LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS' CAPITAL		
Securities sold, not yet purchased, at market (Note 7) Accounts payable Payroll taxes payable	\$	40,580 21,929 443
TOTAL LIABILITIES		62,952
Commitments and contingent liabilities (Note 4)	٠	-
Partners' capital		150,267
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND PARTNER'S CAPITAL	\$	213,219

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Revenues:

Commission income Rebates and other income Trading Interest and dividend income	\$ 14,976 36,145 (63,738) 6,838
Total Revenues	\$ (5,779)
Expenses:	
Clearing fees Employee compensation and benefits Communications Office expense Professional fees Regulatory fees Interest expense Other expense	\$ 99,146 63,804 33,766 30,041 6,765 13,725 216 4,340
<u>Total Expenses</u>	251,803
Net loss	\$ (257,582) ======

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN PARTNERS' CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31. 2007

Balance at January 1, 2007	\$	307,851
Net loss	(257,582)
Contribution		100,000
		
Balance at December 31, 2007	\$.	150,269

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 Increase (Decrease) in cash

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Net loss	\$ (257,582)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (Increase) in due from clearing broker (Increase) in securities owned, at market Increase in securities, sold, not yet purchased at market (Decrease) in accounts payable (Decrease) in payroll taxes payable Total adjustments	(12,812) (20,393) 19,278 (1,177) (382) (15,486)
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	273,068
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES: Capital contribution	100,000
CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES:	100,000
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(173,068)
CASH Beginning of year	229,040
End of year	\$ 55,972

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Haberman Brothers (a Partnership) (the "Company") is registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission, became a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. in 1959 and became an associate member of the American Stock Exchange in 1988. During 2005 the Company became an ETP member of the PCX.

The Company earns commission income as a securities broker by introducing and forwarding securities transactions and accounts of customers to another broker-dealer who carries such accounts on a fully disclosed basis. The Company also trades securities for its own account.

Going Concern Consideration

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. The Company has recurring losses a limited operating revenues. The Company reported a net loss of \$257,582 for the year ended December 31, 2007. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. During 2008, management of the Company intends to improve trading and reduce expenses. Additionally, management plans to contribute capital as required. There can be no assurance that management's plans, as described above, will be realized. If the Company is unable to generate sufficient revenues or raise sufficient additional, there could be a material adverse effect on the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Company.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and cash equivalents

All short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company is engaged in various investment and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty.

Additionally, cash balances are held principally at one financial institution and exceed the \$1000,000 insurable limit. The Company believes it mitigates its risk by investing in or through a major financial institution. Recoverability is dependent upon performance of the institution.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition

Proprietary securities transactions are recorded on the trade date, as if they had settled. Profit and loss arising from all securities and commodities transactions entered into for the account and risk of the company are recorded on a trade date basis. Customer securities and commodities transactions are reporter on a settlement date basis with related commission income and expenses reported on a trade date basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of financial instruments including due from clearing brokers, securities balances and accounts and payroll taxes payable, approximates their fair value due to the relatively short-term nature of these instruments.

Comprehensive Income

The Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income" ("SFAS No. 130"). SFAS No. 130 requires an entity to report comprehensive income and its components and increases financial disclosures. This standard has no impact on the Company's financial position, cash flows or results of operations since no elements of the Company's comprehensive income exist other than the loss from operations.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company does not expect the adoption of recent accounting pronouncements to have any material impact on its financial condition or results of operations

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash at December 31, 2007 included the following:

Checking Commercial Paper (maturing currently) JP Morgan Money Market Fund Prime Money Market Morgan Shares	\$ 125 4,253 34,610 16,984
	\$ 55,972
	======

NOTE 4 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company utilizes office space provided by its clearing broker. The Company paid no rent for the year ending December 31, 2007.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLE FROM BROKER-DEALERS AND CLEARING ORGANIZATIONS

Amounts receivable from the Company's clearing organization at December 31, 2007 consist of the following:

Due from clearing broker

Receivable \$ 83,410

NOTE 6 - PROVISION FOR STATE AND LOCAL TAXES

The Company is a Partnership and files as such with the Internal Revenue Service and state taxing authorities. The partners include the income or loss in their individual tax returns, and accordingly, no income taxes or benefits are provided for in the financial statements. The Company pays New York City unincorporated tax however due to its net loss no provision for taxes has been accrued.

NOTE 7 - SECURITIES OWNED AND SOLD, NOT YET PURCHASED

Marketable securities owned and sold, not yet purchased, consist of trading and investment securities at market values, at December 31, 2007 as follows:

		Sold
	•	Not Yet
	<u>Owned</u>	<u>Purchased</u>
Common stock	\$ 68,437	\$ 40,580 ======

Securities not readily marketable include investment securities (a) for which there is no market on a securities exchange or no independent publicly quoted market, (b) that cannot be publicly offered or sold unless registration has been effected under the Securities Act of 1933, or (c) that cannot be offered or sold because of other arrangements, restrictions, or conditions applicable to the securities or to the Company.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007

At December 31, 2007 these securities at estimated fair values consist of the following:

Equities

\$ 4,500 =====

NOTE 8 - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

As a registered broker-dealer and member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., the Company is subject to Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission which requires that net capital, as defined, be at least the greater of \$1000,000 or one-fifteenth of aggregate indebtedness, as defined. Net capital changes from day to day, but as of December 31, 2007 the Company had net capital of \$150,268 which exceeded requirements by \$50,268. The Company's net capital ratio was 0.1757 to 1.

NOTE 9 - EXEMPTION FROM RULE 15c3-3

The Company is exempt from the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3 and, therefore, is not required to maintain a "Special Reserve Bank Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers".

NOTE 10 - OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK

Pursuant to a clearance agreement, the Company will introduce all of its securities transactions to its sole clearing broker on a fully disclosed basis. Therefore, all of the customers' money balance and long and short security positions will be carried on the books of the clearing broker. Under certain conditions as defined in the clearance agreement, the Company has agreed to indemnify the clearing broker for losses, if any, which the clearing broker may sustain from carrying securities transactions introduced by the Company. In accordance with industry practice and regulatory requirements, the Company and the clearing broker monitor collateral on the securities transactions introduced by the Company.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007

NOTE 11 - GUARANTEES

FASB Interpretation No. 45 (FIN 45), Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees. Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others. requires the Company to disclose information about its obligations FIN 45 defines certain guarantee arrangements. agreements guarantees as contracts and indemnification that contingently require a guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on changes in an underlying (such as an interest or foreign exchange rate, security or commodity price, an index or the occurrence or non occurrence of a specified event) related to an asset, liability equity security of a guaranteed party. FIN 45 also defines guarantees as contracts that contingently require the guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on another entity's failure to perform under an agreement as well as indirect guarantees of the indebtedness of others.

Indemnifications

In the normal course of its business, the Company indemnifies and guarantees certain service providers, such as clearing and agents, trustees and administrators, against specified potential losses in connection with their acting as an agent of, or providing services to, the Company or its affiliates. The maximum potential amount of future payments that the Company could be required to make under the indemnifications cannot be estimated. However, the Company believes that it is unlikely it will have to make material payments under these arrangements and has not recorded any contingent liability in the financial statements for these indemnifications.

OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

SCHEDULE I COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15C3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION DECEMBER 31, 2007

NET CAPITAL:

Partners capital Less non-allowable assets and deduction Securities owned, not readily marketabl		\$	150,267
at cost Other assets	\$ 4,500 900	į	(5,400)
NET CAPITAL before haircuts		1	144,867
Less: Haircuts on securities			17,576
NET CAPITAL		\$	127,291
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS		\$	22,371
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIRED (6.67% of aggregate indebtedness)	,	\$	1,492
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL DOLLAR REQUIREMENT		\$	100,000
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIRED		. \$	100,000
EXCESS NET CAPITAL (\$150,267-\$100,000)		\$	50,267
PERCENTAGE OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO	\$ 22,371		
NET CAPITAL	\$ 127,291		17.57%

RECONCILIATION OF COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 17a-5(d) (4) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION DECEMBER 31, 2007

NET CAPITAL, as reported in Company's Part II-A Focus Report (unaudited)

\$ 127,291

NET CAPITAL, per audit

\$ 127,291 ======

DECEMBER 31, 2007

Marvin Koenigsberg CPA

2102 Quentin Road Brooklyn, NY 11229 Tel (718) 645-3300 • Fax (718)645-6936 Cell (917) 282-3142

The Partners of Haberman Brothers New York, New York

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Haberman Brothers (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2007, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a) (11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
- 3. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customer as required by Rule 15c3-3

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing maintaining internal control and the practices and dures referred to in the preceding paragraphs. Ιn fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management required to assess the expected benefits and related controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned Two of the objectives of internal control and objectives. practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthoruse or disposition and that transactions are executed accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

inherent limitations in internal control Because of of the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation them to future periods is subject to the risk that they inadequate because of changes in conditions of that effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate. Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknessstandards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal concomponents does not reduce to a relatively low level that error or fraud in amounts that would be material relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and detected within a timely period by employees in course of performing their assigned functions. However, noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weakness as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2007 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of Haberman Brothers to achieve all the divisions of duties and cross-checks generally included in an internal control and that, alternatively, greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Partners, management, the SEC, NASD Regulation, and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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